

Notes / Assumption

Date: _____

Tank @ 50°C or 323.15 K

$$Pa = \frac{N}{m^2} \quad N = kg \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$C_{V, CO_2} = 28.96 \text{ J/mol}\cdot\text{K}$$

Supercritical state @ 73.8 bar, 1070.37 Psi
7.38 Mpa

Incompressible Fluid

Tank Volume 52.11 in³ = 0.000853 m³

$$P = 200 - 400 \frac{kg}{m^3} @ 75 \text{ bar}$$

$$\text{mol mass} = 0.01201 \text{ kg/mol}$$

Redlich Kwong Eq of State

$$P = \frac{RT}{V-b'} - \frac{a'}{(\sqrt{T})V(V+b')}$$

$$V_c = \frac{RT_c Z_c}{P_c}$$

V = molar

P = Pressure

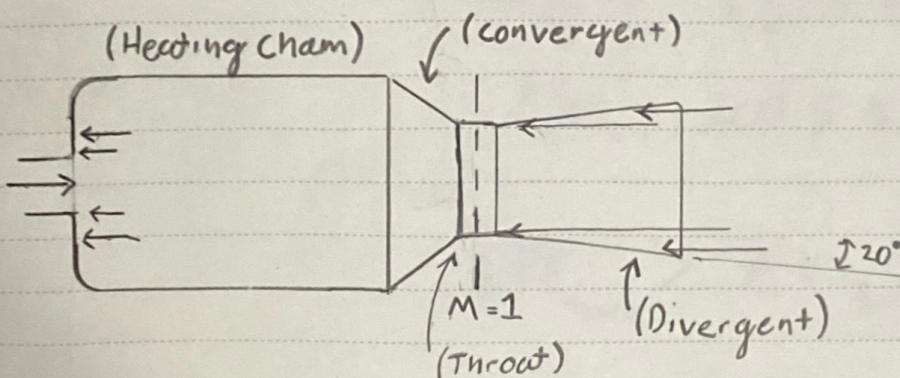
T = Temp

R = gas constant

$$a' = \left(\frac{0.4278}{Z_c} \right) R V_c T_c^{3/2} \quad b' = \left(\frac{0.0867}{Z_c} \right) V_c$$

T_c, Z_c, P_c } All tables

Rocket Nozzle



Specific impulse (Efficiency)

$$I_s = V_e / g$$

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma \cdot R \cdot T}{M}}$$

$$V_e = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma \cdot R}{M} \cdot \frac{2\gamma}{\gamma-1} \left[1 - \left(\frac{P_a}{P} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} \right]}$$

Conservation of Momentum (time = 0)

$$m_i v_i = 0 \Rightarrow m_y v_y = m_p v_p$$

$$m_y \frac{dv_y}{dt} = - \frac{dm}{dt} v_p$$

$\frac{dv_y}{dt}$ acceleration
 $\frac{dm}{dt}$ \dot{m}

(note)

$$F = \dot{m} v_e + (P_e - P_a) A_e$$

$F = ma$ (Ideal Nozzle Expansion)

$$m_y a_y = -\dot{m} v_p$$

$$F = \dot{m} v_p$$

(Diagram)

(System Energy Equation)

$$\Sigma E \text{ (closed system, } \Delta Q=0, \Delta M=0)$$

$$(\cancel{W_{in}} - \cancel{W_{out}}) + (\cancel{Q_{in}} - \cancel{Q_{out}}) = \cancel{\Delta U} + \Delta KE + \Delta PE$$

Tank Volume
 $V = 0.000853 \text{ m}^3$

$$P = 7.38 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$Pa = \frac{N}{m^2}$$

$$N = \text{kg} \frac{m}{s^2}$$

$$\Sigma E = \Delta KE + \Delta PE$$

(TANK P.E.)

$$\Delta PE = P(V)$$

$$\Delta PE = (7.38 \times 10^6) \left(\frac{N}{m^2} \right) (0.000853) (m^3)$$

$$\Delta PE = 6295.14 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

(Body Falling)

$$\Delta KE = (5 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (3 \text{ m}) + \frac{1}{2} (5 \text{ kg}) \left(5 \frac{m}{s} \right)^2$$

$$= 147 \text{ kg} \frac{m^2}{s^2} + 62.5 \text{ kg} \frac{m^2}{s^2}$$

$$\Delta KE = 209.5 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta PE_{\text{Tank}} > \Delta KE_{\text{Body}}$$

(Bernoulli's Equation)

$$V = \sqrt{\frac{2\Delta P}{\rho}}$$

$$V = \boxed{135.83 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta P &= 1070 \text{ Psi} - 14.7 \text{ Psi} \\ &= 1055.3 \text{ Psi} \\ &= 7.38 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}\end{aligned}$$

$$\rho = 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$V = \text{m/s}$$

(Mass Flow)
From TANK

$$\dot{m} = \rho A V$$

$$V = 135.83 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\rho = 800 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$200z = 0.5669 \text{ kg}$$

$$\emptyset = 0.25 = 6.37 \text{ mm}$$

$$A = 0.00003167 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\emptyset = 0.25$$

$$3/16 = 0.004762 \text{ m}$$

$$A = 0.00001781 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\dot{m} = (800 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.00003167 \text{ m}^2)(135.83 \text{ m/s})$$

$$1/8 = 0.003175 \text{ m}$$

$$A = 0.000007917 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\dot{m} = 1.720 \text{ kg/s}$$

Time

$$\frac{m}{\dot{m}} = t$$

$$\frac{0.5669 \text{ kg}}{1.720 \text{ kg/s}} \left(\frac{\text{s}}{\text{kg}} \right) = 0.3294 \text{ s}$$

$$\phi = 3/16$$

$$\dot{m} = (400 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.00001781 \text{ m}^2)(135.83 \text{ m/s})$$

$$\dot{m} = 0.9676 \text{ kg/s}$$

Time

$$\frac{0.5669 \text{ kg}}{0.9676} \left(\frac{\text{s}}{\text{kg}} \right) = 0.5858 \text{ s}$$

$$\phi = 1/8$$

$$\dot{m} = (400 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.000017 \text{ m}^2)(135.83 \text{ m/s})$$

$$\dot{m} = 0.4301 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\frac{0.5669 \text{ kg}}{0.4301} \frac{\text{s}}{\text{kg}} = 1.3180 \text{ s}$$

$$\phi_{\text{Act}} = 0.34012$$

$$A = 0.00005858 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\dot{m} = (400 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.00005858 \text{ m}^2)(135.83 \text{ m/s})$$

$$\dot{m} = 3.1827 \text{ kg/s}$$

(Flow is divid into 3 Flow Paths)

$$\dot{m}_{\text{EG}} = \frac{\dot{m}_{\text{total}}}{3}$$

$$\dot{m}_{\text{old}} = \dot{m}_1 + \dot{m}_2 + \dot{m}_3$$

b Date: (Mass Flow)

First Face

$$A_{FF} = 0.00003365 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\dot{m}_{FF} = 1.0609 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\dot{m}_{FF} = \rho A V$$

$$1.0609 \text{ kg/s} = (400 \text{ kg/m}^3)(0.00003365 \text{ m}^2)(V)$$

$$V_{FF} = 78.818 \text{ m/s}$$

Heater Tube

$$A = 0.00001140 \text{ m}^2$$

Divid by two Flow

$$\dot{m}_{HT} = \frac{\dot{m}_{FF}}{2} = 0.5304$$

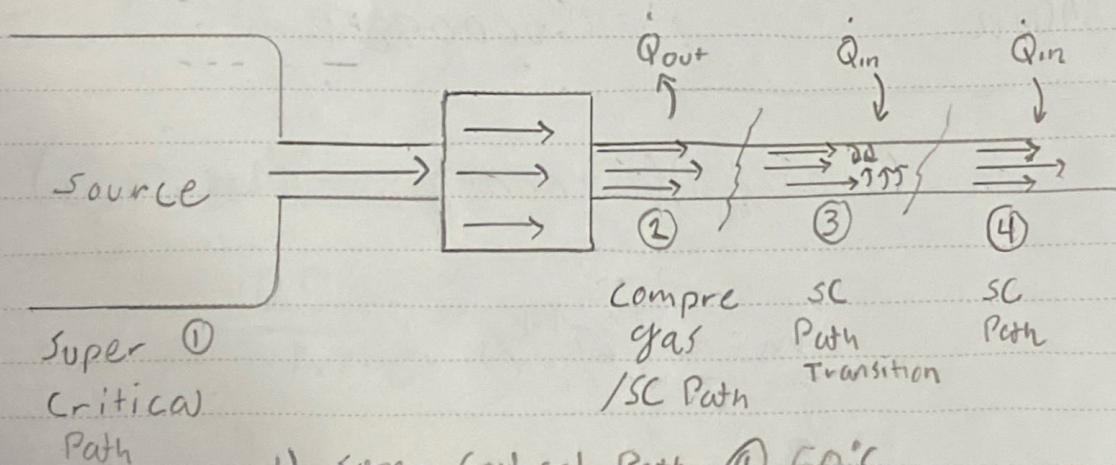
$$\dot{m}_{HT} = \rho A V$$

$$\dot{m}_{HT} = \dot{m}_1 + \dot{m}_2$$

$$0.5304 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}} = (400 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3})(0.00001140 \text{ m}^2) V$$

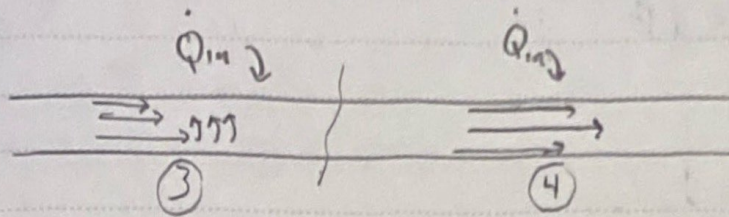
$$116.326 \text{ m/s} = V$$

Theoretical Prediction



- 1) Super Critical Path @ 50°C
- 2) Compre/SC Path Because of cooling Qout
- 3) Transition zone SC Qin
- 4) SC Flow

Theoretical Prediction



Heat energy \downarrow

Heat capacity \swarrow

$$\dot{Q}_{in} = \dot{m} C \Delta t$$

mass flow \uparrow

$$\dot{Q}_{per\ path} = \frac{\dot{Q}_{total}}{6} = \frac{2500 J/s}{6} = 416.6 J/s$$

(CO₂)

$$C_v = 28.96 J/mol \cdot K$$

$$\frac{mol}{mass} = 0.01201 \frac{kg}{mol}$$

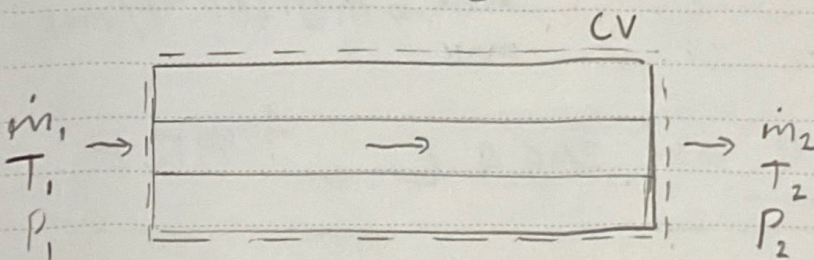
$$\dot{Q}_{total} = 2500 J/s$$

$$\dot{m}_{HT} = 0.5304 \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$2500 J/s = 44.163 \frac{mol}{s} (28.96 J/mol \cdot K) \Delta t$$

$$1195 K = \Delta t$$

Heat Exchanger model



$$H = H(T) + \int (C_p dT) - (PV)$$

STEADY-STATE

$$\dot{m}_1 = \dot{m}_2$$

$$\dot{m}_1 = 0.5304 \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$T_1 = 325.15 K$$

$$P_1 = 7.38 MPa$$

$$\dot{Q}_{in} = 416.6 J/s$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = 0 = \dot{Q}_{in} - \dot{W} + \dot{m}_1 \left(h_1 + \frac{V_1^2}{2} + g z_1 \right) - \dot{m}_2 \left(h_2 + \frac{V_2^2}{2} + g z_2 \right)$$

$$0 = \dot{Q}_{in} + \dot{m}_1 (h_1) - \dot{m}_2 (h_2) \quad H \text{ Enthalpy : } 472800 J/kg$$

$$416.6 J/s = 0.5304 \frac{kg}{s} \dot{Q}_{in} = -\dot{m} (h_1 - h_2)$$

$$\text{Enthalpy : } 1863 J/kg \cdot K$$

$$-785.444 J/kg = 472800 J/kg - h_2$$

$$h_2 = 473585.444 J/kg$$

Date:

Fundamental Thermodynamic Relationships

$$dH = T ds + v dP$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} \right|_P = T \quad \left. \frac{\partial H}{\partial P} \right|_s = v$$

(Maxwell Relations)

$$\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \right|_s = \left. \frac{\partial v}{\partial s} \right|_P$$

$$dU = T ds - P dv$$

$$dH = T ds + v dP$$

F(x,y)

$$dF = \left. \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \right|_y dx + \left. \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \right|_x dy$$

Thermodynamic Quantities

$$C_v = \left. \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right|_v$$

Heat Exchanger model

$$\dot{m}_2 = 473589.444 \text{ J/kg} \times \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{mass}}$$

$$\dot{m} = 0.9304 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$\Delta T = \frac{5687.761 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \frac{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}}{\text{J}}}{C_v}$$

$$C_v = 28.96 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K}$$

$$\Delta T = 196.40 \text{ K}$$

$$\frac{\text{mol}}{\text{mass}} = 0.01201 \text{ kg/mol}$$

$$\underline{T_2 = 521.59 \text{ K} \text{ or } 248.4 \text{ C}, 479.12 \text{ F}}$$

(RK Eq of state)

$$P = \frac{RT}{V-b'} - \frac{a'}{(\sqrt{T})V(V+b')}$$

Found by simulation

$$V_c = \frac{RT_c Z_c}{P_c}$$

$$a' = \left(\frac{0.4278}{Z_c} \right) R V_c T_c^{3/2}$$

$$b' = \left(\frac{0.0867}{Z_c} \right) V_c$$

$$\dot{m}_2 = 0.5304 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{s}}$$

$$T_2 = 521.55 \text{ K}$$

10. Date: Proof Converging Diverging Nozzel

$$V_e = \sqrt{\frac{T \cdot R}{M} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot \gamma}{\gamma - 1} \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{P_e}{P} \right)^{\frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}} \right]}$$

$$T = 11^\circ$$

$$R = 8314.5 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kmol K}}$$

$$a = \sqrt{\frac{\gamma \cdot R \cdot T}{M}}$$

$$\gamma = 1.289$$

M = molecular mass

$$P = 100 \text{ bar}$$

g/mol

$$P_e = 1.01325 \text{ bar}$$

γ = Ratio of specific heat

$$T = 287.56 \text{ K}$$

$$M = 44.01 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$P_e = \text{atm}$$

P = Stating Pressure

$$V_e = \sqrt{(54326.689)(9.0175)(0.6386)}$$

$$V_e = \sqrt{312966.60}$$

$$V_e = 559.412$$

$$a = 264.21$$

$$V_e > a$$

Throat

Date: _____

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$$\frac{A}{A^*} = \frac{1}{M} \left[\frac{2}{\gamma+1} \left(1 + \frac{\gamma-1}{2} M^2 \right) \right]^{\frac{\gamma+1}{2(\gamma-1)}}$$

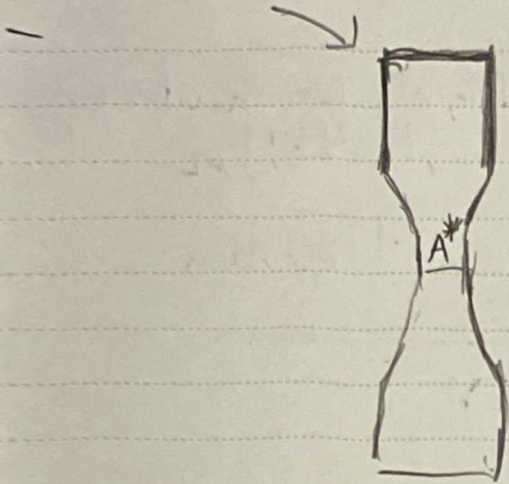
$$V_1 = 89.39 \text{ m/s}$$

$$A = 0.0000334 \text{ m}^2$$

$$M = M_{\text{gok}} \#$$

A^* = Small Point

A = Area of intro



$$M_1 = \frac{89.39}{264.21}$$

$$M_1 = 0.3383$$

$$M = \frac{V}{a}$$

$$\gamma = 1.285$$

$$\frac{0.0000334 \text{ m}^2}{A^*} = \frac{1}{0.3383} \left[\frac{2}{2.285} \left(1 + \frac{0.285}{2} (0.3383^2) \right) \right]^{4.0087}$$

$$0.0000334 \text{ m}^2 = A^* 2.7606$$

$$1.2098 \times 10^{-5} = A^*$$

$$0.000012098 \text{ m}^2 = A^*$$

$$\gamma = 1.9624 \text{ m/s}$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$\gamma = 1.9624 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$D = 3.9248 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$V_e = 559.412$$

$$a = 264.21$$

$$M = \frac{V}{a} = 2.117$$

$$0.002778 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{A}{0.000012098 \text{ m}^2} = \frac{1}{2.117} \left[\frac{2}{2.285} \left(1 + \frac{0.285}{2} (2.117)^2 \right) \right]^{4.0087}$$

$$A = 2.00517 = 2.4258 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

$$0.000012098$$

$$\gamma = 2.778 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$D = 5.596 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

12 Date: Bolt Pattern

Mark Forged

Ultimate Tensile Strength
Inconel 625

765 Mpa at 25°C 558 Mpa at 600°C

M5 x 0.8 mm $\phi = 5 \text{ mm}$

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} (d - 0.9382 \cdot P)^2$$

$$A = 1.4182 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

Ultimate Tensile strength
17-4 PH v2

1180 Mpa

$$F_{\max} = \sigma A \quad (625) @ 300^\circ\text{C}$$

$$F_{\max} = (661.5 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2) (1.4182 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2)$$

$$F_{\max} = 9381.39 \text{ N}$$

$$F.S. = 0.75$$

$$F_{0.75} = 7036.04 \text{ N} \times 3$$

$$F_{0.75 \text{ total}} = 21108.13 \text{ N}$$

(17-4 PH)

$$F_{\max} = (1180 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2) (1.4182 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2)$$

$$F_{\max} = 16734.76 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{0.75} = 12551.07 \text{ N} \times 3$$

$$F_{0.5} = 8367.38 \text{ N} \times 3$$

$$F_{0.75 \text{ total}} = 37653.21 \text{ N}$$

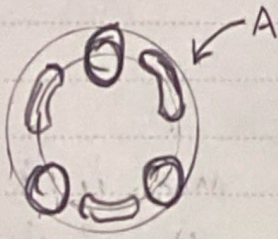
$$F_{0.5 \text{ total}} = 25102.14 \text{ N}$$

Bolt Pattern

$$P_a = \frac{N}{m^2} \quad \text{Date: } 13$$

$$283 \text{ bar} = 283,00000 \text{ Pa}$$

$$A = 0.00004145 \text{ m}^2$$



$$F_p = P A$$

$$F_p = 1173.035 \text{ N} \\ \times 3$$

$$F_{P_{total}} = 3519.105 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{total} < F_{P_{total}}$$

Bolt pattern is safe

(Sim)

Velocity: Max 141.04 $\frac{m}{s}$ Min 65.34 $\frac{m}{s}$

$$F_T = \dot{m}_e v_e + (P_e - P_o) A_e$$

$$(2.018 \frac{kg}{s}) (141.04 \frac{m}{s}) + (5205525 \frac{N}{m^2}) A$$

$$284.61 N + 133.365 N$$

$$F_T = 417.983 N = 42.65 kg$$

$$\dot{m} = \rho v A$$

$$A = 0.00002562 m^2$$

$$\rho = 558.57 \frac{kg}{m^3}$$

$$\dot{m}_e = 2.018 \frac{kg}{s}$$

$$P_o = 1 atm = 101325 \frac{N}{m^2}$$

$$P_e = 53.068 bar = 5306850 \frac{N}{m^2}$$